



MCH 2020: Child Health

State Priority

Developmentally appropriate care and services are provided across the lifespan (*Target: children 1-11 years*)

Performance Measures

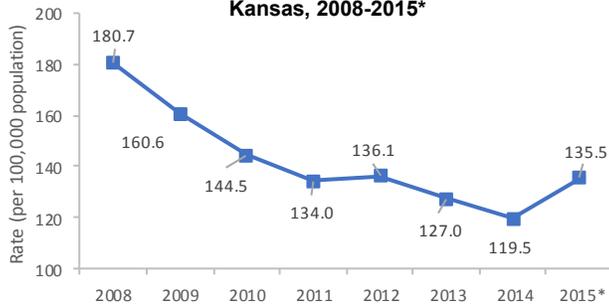
- Percent of children, ages 9 through 35 months, who received a developmental screening
- Percent of Title V program providers using a parent-completed developmental screening tool
- Percent of children 6 through 11 years who are physically active at least 60 minutes per day
- Rate of hospitalization for non-fatal injury per 100,000 children ages 0 through 9 years
- Number of child safety seat inspections completed by certified technicians

Kansas Data Highlights

- In 2016-2017, 37.8% of children 9 through 35 months received a developmental screening; this is higher, but not statistically significant, compared to the US rate of 31.1%.¹
- In 2016-2017, 26.7% of children 6 to 11 years were physically active at least 60 minutes a day.¹
- In 2017, motor vehicle crashes were the number one cause of unintentional injury deaths for children 1 to 14 years. In 2016, the Buckle Up program checked 1,912 car seats at 186 local events.²
- Opportunity for Improvement: Disparities persist in child health based on gender, race, ethnicity, and socioeconomic factors.

Spotlight on Improvement

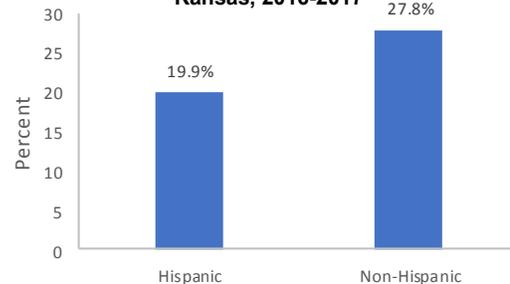
Rate of Hospitalization for Non-fatal Injury (0-9 years) Kansas, 2008-2015*



Sources: State Inpatient Database (SID); U.S. Census Bureau
*2015 Q1-Q3 due to ICD9-CM to ICD10-CM transition

Example of Health Disparity

Physically Active for 60 Minutes Everyday (6-11 years) by Hispanic Origin Kansas, 2016-2017



Source: National Survey of Children's Health, 2016-2017

Next Steps

- Increase the number of children between 1 month and school entry that receive a developmental screening annually.
- Provide annual training for child care providers to increase knowledge and promote screening to support healthy social-emotional development of children.
- Support schools and communities in initiatives that promote daily physical activity among children and adolescents.
- Increase the number of families receiving education and risk assessment for home safety and injury prevention.
- Increase the number of children through age 8 riding in age and size appropriate car seats.



This fact sheet, created by the Kansas Department of Health & Environment Bureaus of Epidemiology and Public Health Informatics and Family Health highlights the priorities and measures identified as part of the Title V MCH Services Block Grant Program five year needs assessment (*MCH 2020*). The Title V Block Grant was authorized in 1935 as part of the Social Security Act. Title V's mission is to improve the health and well-being of the nation's mothers, infants, children and youth, including children and youth with special health care needs and their families.

